



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

HARRISBURG, PA.**Milk—Production, Care, and Sale. (Reg. Bd. of H., Nov. 20, 1912.)**

No person engaged in the business of producing milk for sale or selling milk in the city of Harrisburg shall store, cool, mix, bottle, or transfer said milk from one container to another in any room which is occupied by cows, horses, or other animals, or is in an otherwise unsanitary condition.

No person shall transfer milk to bottles or other vessels on the streets except to vessels supplied by the purchaser at the time of delivery.

All bottles, cans, vessels, or other utensils used in the production, storage, sale, or distribution of milk shall be regularly cleaned and sterilized with boiling water or live steam before the same are again used.

Any person violating any rule or regulation heretofore or hereafter adopted by the board of health applying to the sale of milk or meat or regulating or affecting the same shall have his or her or its license revoked by the milk and meat inspector, and shall not be relicensed until said inspector shall be satisfied that such delinquent shall and will comply with said rules and regulations.

Nuisances—Definition—Abatement. (Reg. Bd. of H., Oct. 23, 1912.)**ARTICLE VII.**

SECTION 1. The following are declared to be nuisances prejudicial to the public health and are hereby prohibited:

Rule I. Contaminating any water supply or maintaining a well for domestic purposes within the corporate limits of the city.

Rule II. Obstructing the natural flow of any stream of water within the corporate limits of the city.

Rule III. Allowing any uninal, privy, or cesspool to become offensive or injurious to public health.

Rule IV. The storing of manure except in tightly covered regulation boxes or pits, or the keeping of more than one two-horse load on any premises within the city.

SEC. 2. Rule I. Whenever any citizen of Harrisburg wishes to complain of the existence of a nuisance in the city, he or she shall be required to hand such a complaint in writing over his or her signature to the board of health, such complaint to describe the nature of the nuisance, location, name of occupants or of owner or owners of properties upon which the nuisance exists.

Rule II. Anonymous communications will receive no attention from the board.

Rule III. When any nuisance thus prohibited shall be brought to the attention of the health officer, he shall make prompt and careful investigation, and if satisfied that the nuisance exists he shall serve upon the person or persons who are responsible for creating or maintaining same a notice signed by himself directing the said party to take proper steps to abate it within 48 hours.

Rule IV. If the proper steps to secure the abatement of the nuisance shall not be taken, as required by Rule III, the health officer shall make information against the delinquent before the mayor or any alderman of the city for the violation thereof.

Rule V. Service of notice in each case shall be made to the delinquent or his agent personally, but if he can not be found, it shall be sufficient to leave a copy with an adult member of the family at the residence of the delinquent.

Rule VI. Any person maintaining any of the aforesaid nuisances shall, upon conviction before the mayor or any alderman in the city, be subject to a fine of not less than \$5 nor more than \$100, or be imprisoned in the Dauphin County jail for a period not to exceed 30 days.